

Guide to Selected U.S. Travel and Identity Documents

Prepared by the Forensic Document Laboratory



U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement

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This guide is intended to assist those tasked with examining travel and employment authorization documents. It contains color photographs of the most commonly used documents, but it is not comprehensive. There are earlier valid revisions of some illustrated documents and other less common documents that are not illustrated here.

Because the attachments are reproductions, the exact size and color may deviate from the original. Do not make identifications based on size and/or color alone.

For any questions regarding the authenticity of the documents shown in this guide, please contact the nearest office of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE).

General Information On Alien Status

In accordance with the 14th amendment to the U.S. Constitution, any person born in and subject to the jurisdiction of the United States is a citizen of the United States at birth. U.S. citizenship may also be acquired through **DERIVATION** from a U.S. citizen parent when children are born abroad or through **NATURALIZATION** after meeting the necessary residency requirements. All persons not citizens or nationals of the U.S. are aliens, who are generally classified as **PERMANENT RESIDENTS** (immigrants), **NON-IMMIGRANTS** or **UNDOCUMENTED ALIENS**.

PERMANENT RESIDENT ALIENS enjoy almost all the same rights as U.S. citizens. This status may be obtained through a number of different procedures and, unless taken away administratively, is granted for life. Aliens with permanent residency must carry evidence of their status.

NON-IMMIGRANT ALIENS are admitted to the U.S. for a temporary period of time and for a specific purpose, most often as tourists. There are different categories of non-immigrants and they are identified through letter/number symbols (such as "B-2"). Non-immigrants are also required to present evidence of their lawful status in the U.S. to officers of ICE. This will usually consist of a passport containing a visa and an Arrival/Departure Record (Form I-94 or CBP I-94A).

UNDOCUMENTED ALIENS are those who may have crossed the border illegally and/or been smuggled into the interior of the U.S. or those who have violated their non-immigrant status by accepting unauthorized employment, remaining longer than permitted or committing some other violation. Some of these aliens purchase counterfeit documents or assume another person's identity by using fraudulently obtained genuine documents. A UNITED STATES PASSPORT is a document issued by the Department of State to persons who have established citizenship in the United States by birth, derivation or naturalization. The primary purpose of the passport is to facilitate travel to foreign countries by establishing U.S. citizenship and acting as a vehicle to display any visas and/or entry/exit stamps that may be necessary.

Passports may also be used within the United States to establish citizenship, identity and employment eligibility.

Several different versions of the U.S. passport are currently valid and in circulation at this time. The most recent version, called the E-Passport, contains an electronic chip in the back cover. These passports can be identified by the chip logo on the front cover.









The Emergency Passport booklet looks similar to the E-Passport, but it does not contain a chip and is only issued for a limited period of validity.

The Secretary of State of the United States of Ame its all whom it may concern to per al of the United States named bere ii ih ance and in case of n SIGNATURE OF BEARER/SIGNATURE DE TITULAIRE NATURE OF BEARER-SIGNATURE DU TITULAIRE PIRMA DEL TITULAR NOT VALID UNTIL SIGNED NOT VALID UNTIL SIGNED ANTIKET STORE STATES OR STATES INTERNET CREWENCOMERCIAL POT 12345678A USA. O'PUBLIC TONI-L. MAR/MAR:47 W JERSEY, U.S.A. 01 OCT/OCT 92 06 AUG/AUG 47 PASSPORT AGENCY DYNAK INC. ROCHESTER CX 6 See Page 24 P<USAO<PUBLIC<<TONI<L<<<<<<<<<<<< P<USATRAVELER<<HAPPY<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<> 12345678A8USA4703066F4708061100168521<<<<<440 1500000035USA5609165M0811150<<<<<<<

Older versions of the U.S. passport remain valid until the expiration dates printed in the passport booklet.

The current version of the **CERTIFICATE OF NATURALIZATION**, now issued by U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS), is similar to the previous version issued by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. It contains a gold embossed Great Seal of the United States in the top center portion. The watermark design, visible when the document is held up to a strong light, contains the emblem of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS).



DHS watermark

Older versions of the certificate of naturalization continue to serve as valid evidence of U.S. citizenship. The last version issued by the INS was similar to the current DHS certificate. It too bore a gold embossed Great Seal of the United States in the top center portion. The watermark design contained the the Department of Justice seal and the letters "USA."



Department of Justice watermark

Earlier versions of the certificate had gray or beige background designs and did not contain the embossed seal. Original certificates of naturalization were printed on watermarked paper. Forms I-151 and I-551 are issued to aliens who have been granted permanent resident status in the United States. They retain this status while in this country. The bearer is required to have this card in his/ her possession at all times.

The first ALIEN REGISTRATION RECEIPT CARD, Form I-151, was introduced in 1946. Through 18 years of various revisions, it remained primarily green in color, causing it to become known as a "Green Card." This term is still used commonly, although the cards have not been green since 1959. The I-151 cards contained no expiration date and were only required to be renewed if the recipient was under the age of 14 at the time of issuance or if the card was lost or stolen. As of March 20, 1996, the Form I-151 is no longer acceptable as evidence of permanent residence.



Form I-151

The **RESIDENT ALIEN CARD**, Form I-551, was introduced in January 1977 and phased in over a period of time. In addition to the photograph, the I-551 contains the bearer's signature and fingerprint. As with the older I-151 cards, this version I-551 generally does not contain an expiration date.



PERSON IDENTIFIED BY		53			
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	582			Part -	162742 PARITY S
	MAZ	PLE	CARI)	
BUREAU OF EXAMINING AND PROVING					FORM 1-551 JAN. 7

Form I-551 (1977)

The **RESIDENT ALIEN CARD**, Form I-551, was revised in August 1989. This version was the first Alien Registration Card to contain an expiration date on every card. These cards were usually valid for ten years from the date of issue. The expiration date indicates when the card expires and must be renewed. It does **NOT** indicate that the alien's status has expired. The card was modified in January 1992 when a white box was added behind the fingerprint.

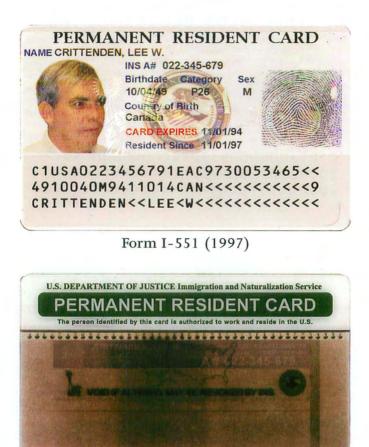


Form I-551 (1992)



Reverse

The **PERMANENT RESIDENT CARD**, Form I-551, was introduced in December 1997. Noticeable differences on the front of the card include a change of card title from **RESIDENT ALIEN CARD** to **PERMANENT RESIDENT CARD**, a three-line machine readable zone and the addition of a hologram.



4985

Reverse

The optical memory stripe on the reverse contains encoded cardholder information as well as a personalized etching which depicts the bearer's photo, name, signature, date of birth, alien registration number, card expiration date and card number. The current version of the PERMANENT RESIDENT CARD, Form I-551, was introduced in November 2004. It retains many of the same features of the previous version while updating the design. The card now shows the DHS seal and contains a more detailed hologram on the front of the card.



Reverse

The optical memory stripe on the reverse retains the same features as the previous card version. The stripe contains encoded cardholder information on the card bearer. Each card is personalized with an etching showing the bearer's photo, name, signature, date of birth, alien registration number, card expiration date and card number. This **EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION DOCUMENT**, Form I-688B, was introduced in November 1989 and issued to aliens who were granted permission to be employed in the U.S. for a specific period of time. The card was produced with a Polaroid process and had interlocking gold lines across the front.

U.S. DEPARTMEN	IT OF JUSTICE Immigration and Naturalization Service
A000000000	WOTTON, SARA J.
22.	Cimpature
and the	Sara J. Wotton
1000 m	Valid from Expires DOB 11/09/90 02/08/91 09/23/69
24	
10-0	H 274A.12(A) (06)
A Call	Terms & Conditions:
	MNONE

Form I-688B

In January 1997, INS began issuing a new EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION CARD, Form I-766. The front of the card bore the photograph, fingerprint and signature of the bearer. The reverse contained a standard bar code, magnetic strip and a twodimensional bar code which contains unique card, biographic and biometric data.



Form I-766 (1997)

The EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZATION CARD, Form I-766 was updated in May 2004. It incorporated the DHS seal but is otherwise similar to the previous version, with a photograph, fingerprint and signature of the bearer beneath a holograph film. The reverse side displays a standard bar code, magnetic strip and a two-dimensional bar code containing encoded data. The card was revised again in August 2004, using a full frontal face photograph instead of the three quarter face position. The reverse continues to bear the revision date of 05-2004.



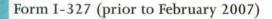
Form I-766 (2004)



Reverse

The U.S. TRAVEL DOCUMENT is a multipurpose booklet. Notations above the bearer's image allow identification of the type of document. When issued as a Permit to Re-Enter Form I-327, it allows the bearer, a permanent resident, to leave and re-enter the United States during its two-year period of validity. It can also be issued as a Refugee Travel Document Form I-571 to people who have been recognized as refugees or asylees in the United States. Both versions contain digitized images of the bearer and pages for visas and entry/ exit stamps.







Issued by U.S. Citizenship and Insuignation Services



Form I-571 (prior to February 2007)

The current version of the **TRAVEL DOCUMENT** booklet was introduced in February 2007. The revised booklet has a darker cover and a new design for the internal pages. The booklet may be issued as either a Permit to Re-Enter or a Refugee Travel Document.

U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services UNITED STATES OF A MERICA rtment of Hon File Number/ Permit to Re-Enter Form I-327 (Rev. 02/13/07)Y GERMA TR A999999991 M 000000134 SPECIMEN TEST VOID 01 APR/AVR 2006 M 17 JAN/JAN 2005 17 JAN/JAN 2007 Permis de Réentrée NONE --- SAMPLE BOOKLET TRUSASPECIMEN<<TEST<VOID<<<<<<< 0000001340D<<0604017M0701178LIN07999 TRAVEL DOCUMENT Form I-327 (2007) **Issued** by **U.S.** Citizenship and Immigration Services U.S. Citiz Immigrat UNITEED STATES OF AMERICA artment of Homeland Security Refugee Travel Document Form I-571 (Rev. 02/13/07)Y File N CHINA A999999995 τD M 000000142 SPECIMEN VOID TEST REFUGEE 01 APR/AVR 2006 17 JAN/JAN 2007 17 JAN/JAN 2006 Titre de voyage pour réfugié NONE --- SAMPLE BOOKLET TPUSASPECIMEN<<TEST<VOID<<<<<<<<<<<< 0000001421CHN0604017F0701178LIN0799950005<48

Form I-571 (2007)

There are four types of NON-IMMIGRANT VISAS. The nonmachine readable visa is printed with a multicolored ribbon while the machine readable visas are stickers which are applied to the passport page. Visas are used for entry purposes and must be valid on the date of entry into the U.S. It is not necessary for the visa to be valid after entry.









The U.S. Department of State introduced this version of the **BORDER CROSSING CARD**, Form DSP-150, in May 1998. The front of the card has a three-line machine readable zone and a hologram. Bearers of this card are not entitled to live or work in the United States.



Form DSP-150 (1998)



Reverse

The optical memory stripe contains encoded cardholder information as well as a personalized etching which depicts the bearer's photo, name, date of birth and card expiration date. When an alien has been granted admission into the U.S. by a U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Officer at an authorized Port of Entry, he/she will be issued an **ARRIVAL/DEPARTURE RECORD**, Form I-94, the bottom portion of which is stapled to a page in the alien's passport. This document shows how long the bearer may remain in the U.S. and the terms of admission. The I-94, not the non-immigrant visa, serves as evidence of legal status.





Nationals of some countries can enter the United States without a visa under the Visa Waiver Program. They are given a green I-94W and permitted to remain in the United States up to 90 days.

Departure Number	OMB No. 1651-0113
695349308 12	ATL
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY U.S. Customs and Border Protection VISA WAIVER	N 2 5 2006
14. Family Name Sep	t. 24, 2006 *
15. First (Given) Name J_O_H_N	16. Birth Date (day/mo/yr)
UNITED KINGDQM	
	CBP Form I-94W (10/04)
	Staple Here

Form I-94W

USCIS can extend a period of admission or change a non-immigrant status after an I-94 has been issued. The approval for an extension or change of status is shown on an I-797A Approval Notice.

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Form I-797A

The lower portion of the form replaces the original I-94, but it does not require any endorsing stamp.

Detach This Half for Personal Records	051 12	
Receipt # LIN-06-1 -5	Receipt Number LIN-06-1 -5	
NAME K	Naturalization Service	
CLASS B2	1-94	
VALID FROM 05/20/2006 UNTIL 11/19/2006	Departure Record Petitioner:	
PETITIONER: K	14. Family Name K	
CHICAGO IL	15. First (Given) Name	16. Date of Birt
	17. Country of Chizenship POLAND	

IMMIGRANT VISAS are used by people coming to live in the United States. Older versions of the immigrant visa were collected at the time of initial entry. An ADIT stamp impression served as evidence of permanent residence until the immigrant's residence card was processed.

In 2003 the Department of State began to issue immigrant visas on the same foils used for non-immigrant visas. These foils remain in the bearer's passport after entry. Initial versions were endorsed with an ADIT stamp.

1	LONDON Sumame HODSON		se Number 0084000101 gistration Number 55478452	
	Given Name GREGORY CHARLES Birth Date Birthp 03MAR1958 GRE Pasport Number 799977215 Annotation * *	Service in a service of the service of the	IV Category E21 Morital Status MAR IV Expires On 11MAR2003 000000000	

Later versions contain the endorsement printed directly onto the visa foil. The validity begins on the date the person enters the United States.



Some immigrants may have an impression of an ADIT stamp as proof of permanent residence without an immigrant visa. This stamp serves as evidence of immigrant status until the bearer receives a Permanent Resident Card.

Luciu Tenn Upon endorsement, serves as temporary 1-551 evidencing permanent residency for one year. Isour Date July 10, 2007 Officer CAL 110 EMPLOYMENT AUTHORIZED alid Until 06999 A-12 345 678 IR-1

The current USCIS stamp is shown above. ADIT stamps in other formats may also be encountered. Similar stamp impressions are used to demonstrate refugee or asylum status. Although SOCIAL SECURITY CARDS are not immigration documents, they are mentioned here because they are often used as identification and to establish employment authorization.

Social Security cards have been issued since 1936 and have been revised more than 20 times. Originally, the Social Security card contained the seal of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. In May 1980, the seal changed to that of the Department of Health and Human Services. In April 1995 the seal was changed again to that of the Social Security Administration. Some counterfeiters have failed to notice these changes.

In October 1983, security features were added to the card. All Social Security cards issued since October 1983 have been printed with raised (intaglio) printing and the signature line consists of microline printing of the words **"SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION"** in a repeating pattern.



This card belongs to the Social Security Administration and you must return it if we ask for it.

If you find a card that isn't yours, please return it to: Social Security Administration

P.O. Box 33008, Baltimore, MD 21290-3008

For any other, Spcial Security business/information, contact your local Social Security office. If you write to the above address for any business other than returning a found card you will not receive a response.

Social Security Administration Form SSA-3000 (11-2006)

22220



To order copies of this document, **"Form M-396; Guide to Selected U.S. Travel and Identity Documents,"** please complete the appropriate form and mail or fax to:

> Customs and Border Protection National Distribution Center P.O. Box 68912 Indianapolis, IN 46268

> > Fax: 317-290-3046

For government requests, please use Form CBP-3039. All other requests should use Form CBP-262. Links for these forms may be found in the Forensic Document Laboratory fact sheet posted on ICE's Web site:

www.ice.gov



U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement

Form M-396 4/2008